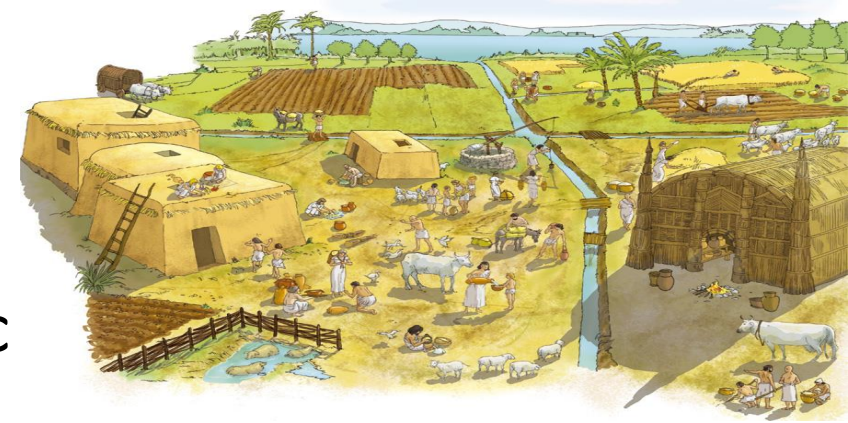


Checkpoint # 7

- 6.01 Identify the meaning of time designations and abbreviations used by historians, including: • BC / BCE • AD / CE • Circa (c. or ca), decades, centuries
- 6.02 Describe the characteristics of the nomadic hunter-gatherer societies, including their use of: • Basic hunting weapons • Fire • Shelter • Tools
- 6.03 Explain the impact of the Agricultural Revolution, including: • Barter economy • Food surpluses • Domestication of plants and animals • Labor specialization • Emergence of permanent settlements • New sources of clothing and shelter

1. Around 10,000 years ago there was a shift in human societies. Many people began living in small villages, or communities to meet their basic needs. As time advanced other needs became available for the first time, some of these include, governments, bartering, written languages, and early forms of religion. Which of the following best explains how this was made possible? – 6.3



- a. New technologies allowed for people to settle in villages
- b. Systematic agriculture allowed people to settle in villages for the first time
- c. Nomadic herders traded with other communities
- d. Domestication of animals allowed people to settle

2. One of mankind's greatest innovations was its ability to produce food. Which of the following was a result of their ability to produce a constant food supply?" - 6.3
- a. Domestication of animals
 - b. Permanent settlements
 - c. Technology of flint was introduced
 - d. Increase in nomadic lifestyles



3. With the transition from hunter/gatherer societies to agriculture many people began to settle in villages. Which of the following are results of the sedentary lives of early farmers? 6.3

- a. Food surplus
- b. Nomadic explorations
- c. Herding communities
- d. Discovery of fire



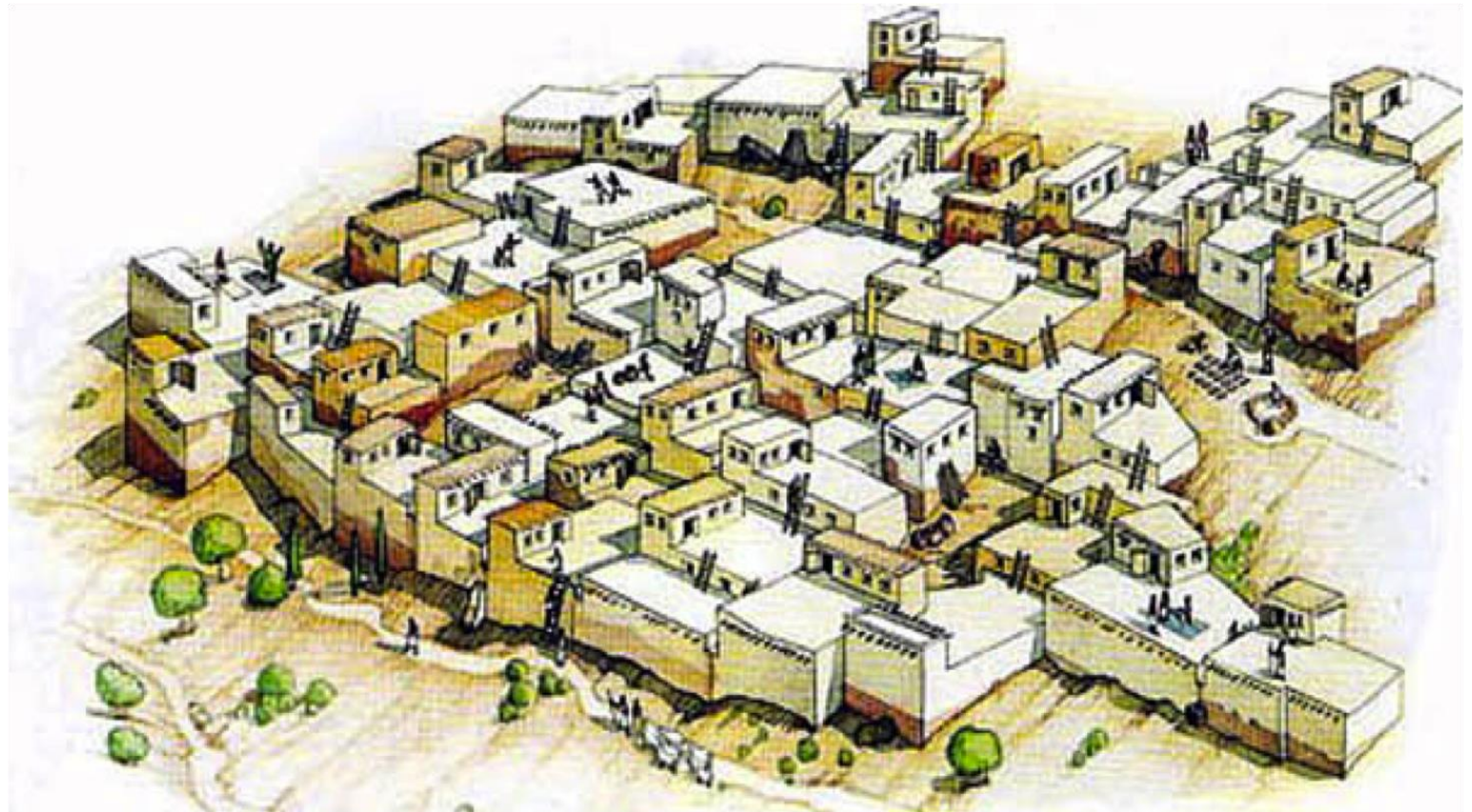
4. Which of the following best describes the terms “division of labor” and “job specialization”? – 6.3

- a. One type of job is perfected
- b. There is a surplus of food
- c. Domestication of animals
- d. People took up specific jobs as talents allowed



5. Which of the following were results of the Agricultural Revolution? -
6.3 (Choose 3)

- a. Reliable food supply
- b. Division of labor
- c. Discovery of flint and fire
- d. bartering



6. What was the major shift in how humans obtained food during the Neolithic Age? – 6.3

- a. People were able to hunt animals
- b. People began to farm
- c. People were able to cook their food
- d. People had high fat diets



7. What does the time date c. 3500 B.C. mean?

- A. The event took place approximately 3500 years after the birth of Christ
- B. The event took place exactly 3500 years before the birth of Christ
- C. The event took place approximately 3500 years before the birth of Christ
- D. The event took place exactly 3500 years after the birth of Christ.