#### 6<sup>th</sup> Grade History Review

#### Why did Stone Age people practice slashand-burn agriculture?

• A. To fulfill spiritual beliefs.

• B. To make irrigation easier.

• C. To drive away wild animals

• D. To clear land for farming.

### Answer—D. to clear land for farming



Which development <u>most enabled</u> early people to form permanent settlements?

- A. Advances in agriculture production.
- B. The creation of democratic government.
- C. The spread of monotheism.
- D. Advances in written language.

#### Answer—advances in agriculture production



Hammurabi's Code of ancient Mesopotamia was important because it

- A. Listed laws and punishments
- B. Explained how the government officials were chosen.
- C. Established a single type of currency.
- D. Described formal religious cermonies.

#### Answer—A. listed the laws and punishments



Above left: The Law Code of Hammurabi, 1750 BC. The code has been preserved intact on this stela, now in the Louvre Museum in Paris. At the top of the stela is picture of the king before Shamash, the (typically Indo-European) sun-god, who was also the god of justice. The introduction to the code is directly below the pictures, in which Hammurabi asserts that he has come to rule over the "dark haired people". The 282 laws cover such things as offenses against other people and property; disputes concerning land, trade, fees, professional services and family. Some of the punishments would be considered harsh by modern standards, but on the whole the laws present a picture of a well ordered society which lived by recognized standards and offered protection to all its citizens. Alongside is a detail from the stela showing the great Nordic King Hammurabi in profile, His racial features are clear in this depiction made during his lifetime.

### The art & architecture of ancient Egypt were designed to emphasize

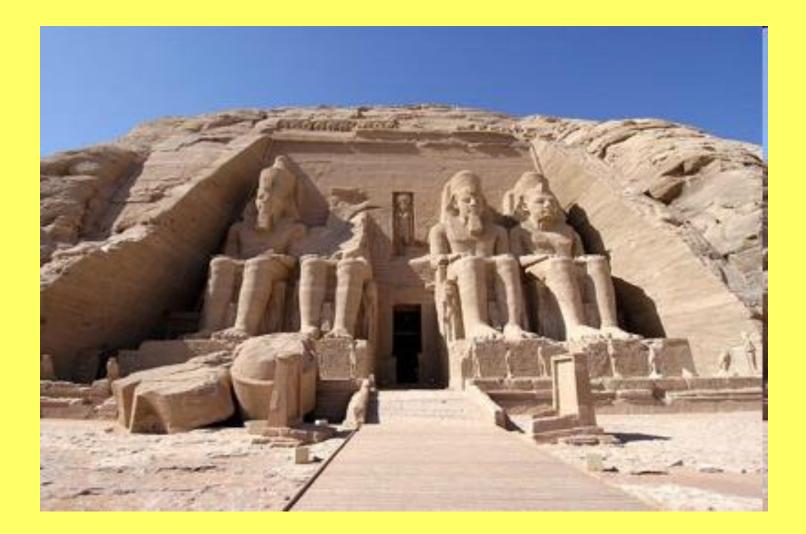
A. value of the arts in daily life

• B. role of the individual

• C. idea of beauty as seen by the artist

• D. Religious idea of eternal life

### Answer—Religious idea of eternal life



It is visible from great distances. It is a reminder to all who see it of the wealth and power of the leader of the people who built it and of his glory and greatness as a god here on the Earth.

The speaker in the passage above is referring to the

- A. Greek tyrant and the Parthenon
- B. Egyptian Pharaoh and his pyramid
- C. Assyrian King and his lighthouse
- D. Hebrew King and his temple

#### Answer—B Egyptian Pharaoh and his pyramid



Cuneiform & hieroglyphics were important achievements in the development of

• A. written Language

• B. religious beliefs

• C. agricultural production

• D. Representative government

#### Answer—Written Language



The <u>Ten Commandments</u> of the ancient Hebrews influenced development of Western

• A. Parliamentary democracies

• B. Moral and ethical teachings

• C. Feudal social class systems

• C. Styles in art & literature

#### **Answer—Moral & Ethical Teachings**

THOU SHALT HAVE NO OTHER GODS BEFORE ME

II THOU SHALT NOT MAKE UNTO THEE ANY GRAVEN IMAGE

III THOU SHALT NOT TAKE THE NAME OF THE LORD THY GOD IN VAIN

IV REMEMBER THE SABBATH DAY TO KEEP IT HOLY

HONOR THY FATHER AND THY MOTHER VI THOU SHALT NOT KILL

VII THOU SHALT NOT COMMIT ADULTERY

> VIII THOU SHALT NOT STEAL

IX THOU SHALT NOT BEAR FALSE WITNESS AGAINST THY NEIGHBOR

> X THOU SHALT NOT COVET

### Jewish scripture says that God's Laws were delivered to the Hebrews by

• A. Abraham

• B. Solomon

- C. Moses
- D. David

#### Answer--Moses



## The <u>diaspora</u>, the dispersing of the Jewish people, refers to

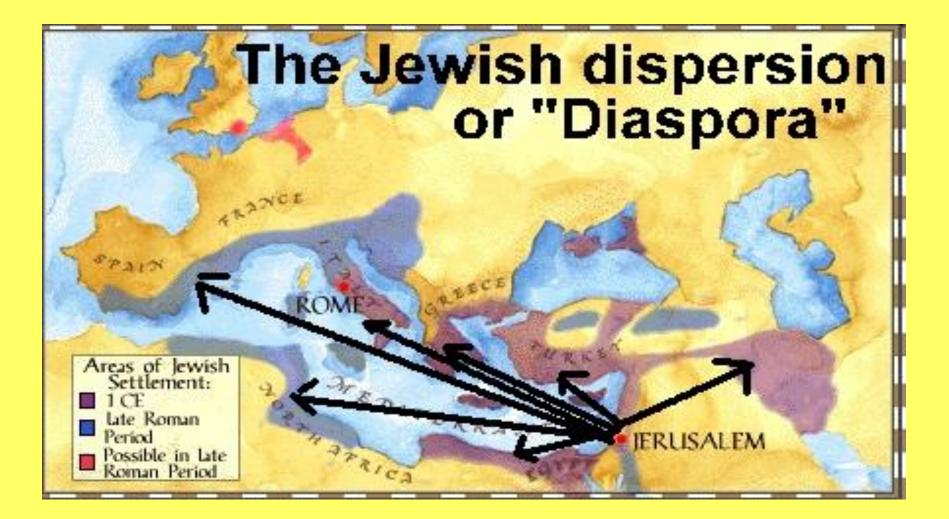
• A. exile from their homeland

• B. Collection of ancient writings

• C. Effort to convert nonbelievers

• D. Opposition to the Crusades

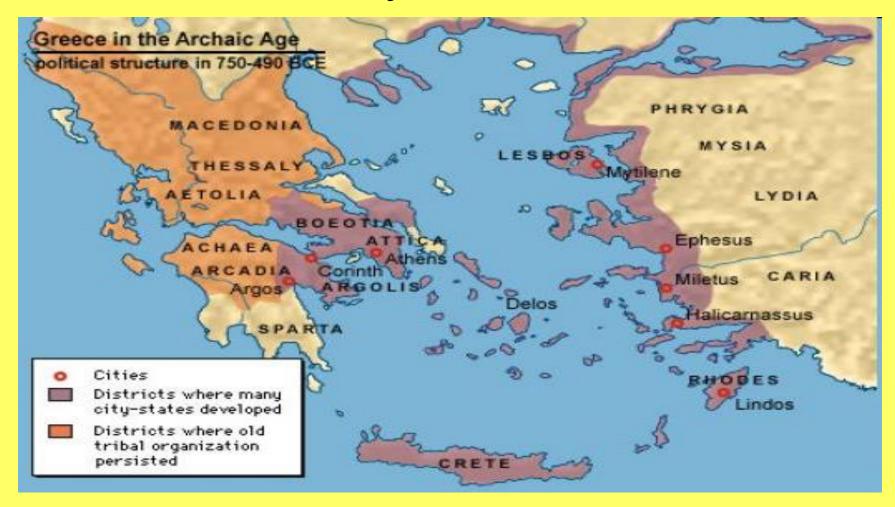
#### Answer—Exile from their homeland



# Greece's mountainous terrain and many islands influenced the ancient Greeks to develop

- A political system of independent citystates
- B. A culture that was uniform throughout its vast empire
- C. An economic system based on mining precious metals
- D. a society completely isolated form other civilizations

#### Answer—a political system of City-States



We regard an individual who takes no interest in public affairs not as harmless but as useless. ---Pericles' Funeral Oration

The quotation above illustrates the importance ancient Athenians placed on individual participation in the

- A. Education of children
- B. Religious rituals of the community
- C. Political process of the city-state
- D. Economic activities of the household

#### Answer—C political process of the city-state



The legacy of ancient Greek myths and epics, such as the Iliad, provide people with

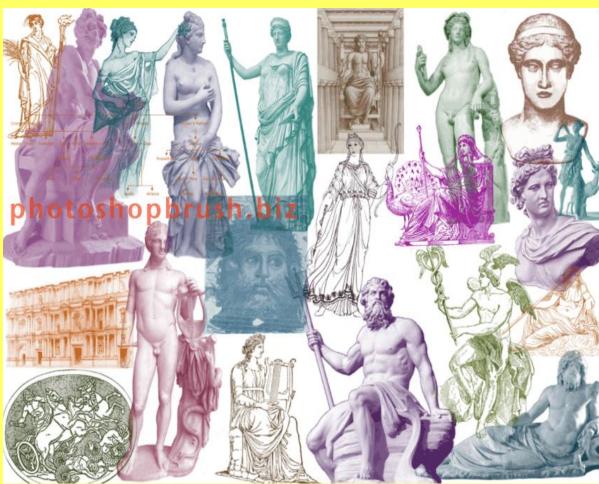
- A. Accurate descriptions of historical events
- B. Heroic figures and great adventures

• C. Real life stories about everyday people

 D. Objective studies of ancient civilizations

#### Answer—Heroic figures and great adventure stories

- Hercules
- Trojan War heroes
- Many Gods & Goddesses



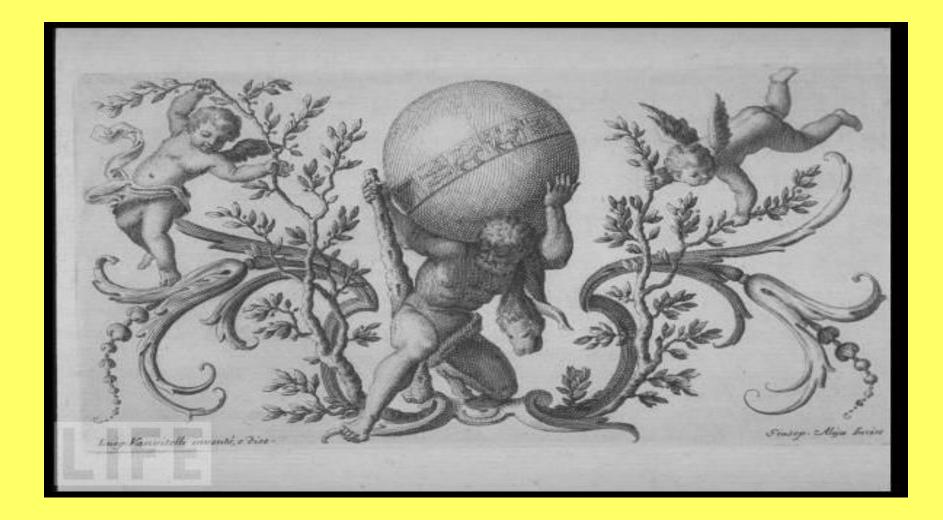
The following words in English originated in?? Atlas, herculean, labyrinth, Olympian

• A. Chinese stories

• B. Greek myths

- C. Egyptian hieroglyphics
- D. Roman myths

#### Answer—Greek Myths



# Ancient Greeks used myths about their gods primarily to

• A. Strike fear in their enemies

• B. Explain events in the natural world

- C. Justify their type of government
- D. Undermine the Persian religion

### Answer—to explain events in the natural world



In 480 B.C., Athens & Sparta formed an alliance to fight the

• A. Persians

B. Egyptians

• C. Romans

• D. Huns

#### Answer—to fight the Persians



## How did the rise to power and reign of Alexander most affect Greece?

• A. He established peace with Persia.

• B. He strengthened democratic rule.

- C. He made Macedonia the intellectual center of the world.
- D. He ended the power of the City-States and unified the nation

#### Answer—He ended the power of the City-States and unified the nation



#### An early civilization along the Indus River is in the land later called

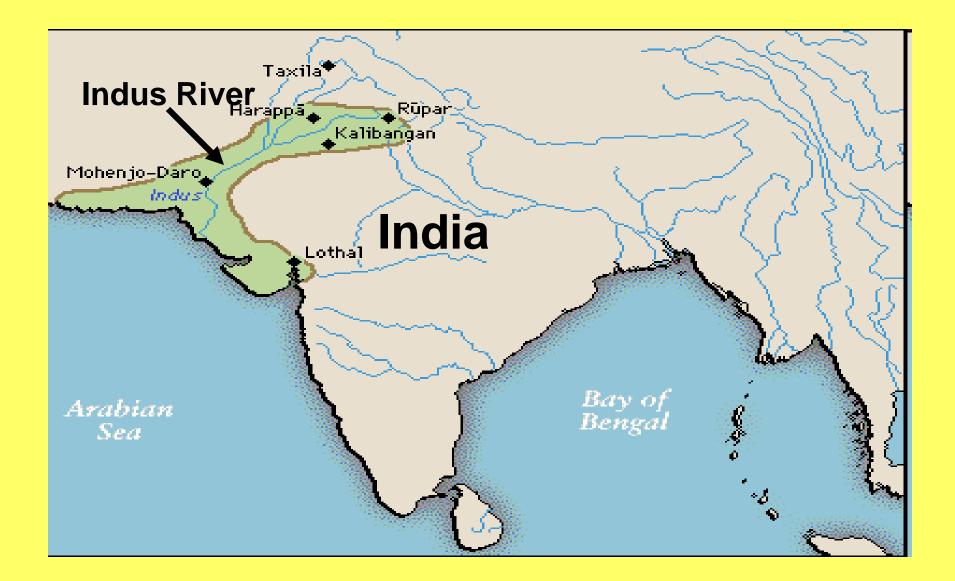
• A. Mesopotamia

• B. India

• C. Egypt

• D. China

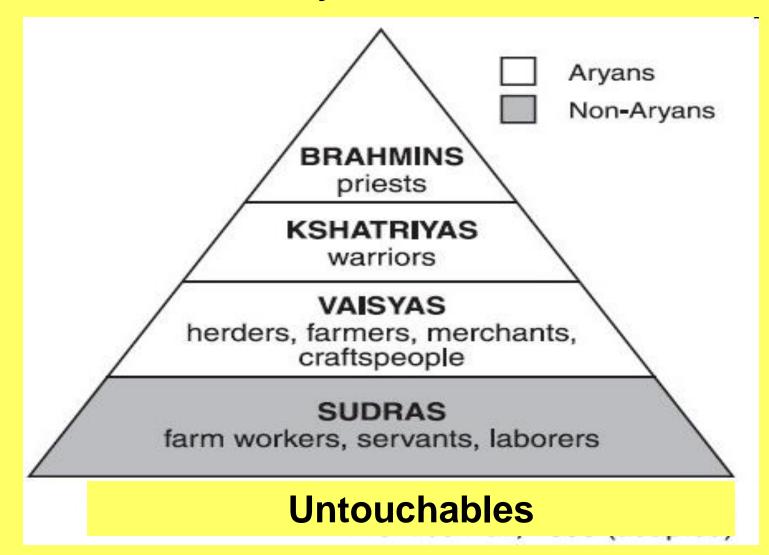
#### Answer—Indus River is near India



What statement about the Hindu caste system in India is accurate?

- A. Different castes shared the same rules
- B. Foreigners were treated as members of the lowest caste
- C. Castes were encouraged to interact with one another
- D. People were required to stay in the caste to which they were born.

### Answer—people stayed in the caste they were born in.



In about 500 B.C., which person started a Chinese social movement that involved ethics and morality?

• A. Buddha

B. Asoka

• C. Confucius

• D. Shi Huangdi

#### **Answer--Confucius**

A person who has committed a mistake and doesn't correct it is committing another mistake! candking.com and licensors. All rights res

The Chinese people turned to the teachings of Confucius because his ideas were thought to help

- A. Unify China against its enemies
- B. Restore order in China.
- C. Stop the Chinese people from converting to Buddhism
- D. Create democratic institutions.

#### Answer—Help restore order in China

 Doing the right thing like following laws was a main concept of Confucius

> a fool despises good counsel, but a wise man takes it to heart.

> > confucíus

### What was the main contribution of Emperor Shi Huangdi to China?

• A. He unified most of China.

• B. He established a public education system in China.

- C. He required people to speak the Mongol language.
- D. He encouraged the Hindu religion.

#### Answer—He unified most of China

#### Han (206 B.C. - 220 A.D.)

